Name:	 	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Date:			

## Part 3: Exploring Reflections About the x-Axis: y = -f(x)

A) Quadratic Function:  $y = x^2$ 

Complete the following tables of values and use them to graph and label each function.

×	$y = x^2$
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	Ч

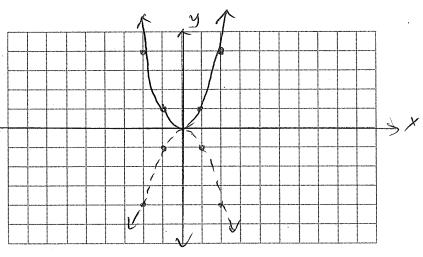
Х	$y = -x^2$
-2	-4
-1	-1
0	0
1	~
2	-4

(a) ~

(b) ~~/

Compare the transformed function to the first function,  $y = x^2$ . Notice the similarities and differences of 2the coordinates of the points.

Reflection on x-axis. y-values are negated.



Point.

B) Square Root Function:  $y = \sqrt{x}$ 

Complete the following tables of values and use them to graph and label each function.

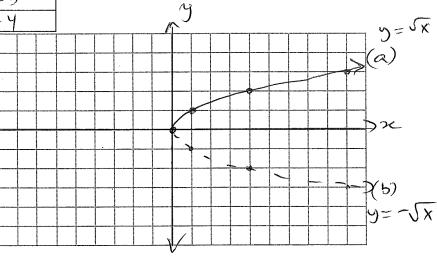
×	$y = \sqrt{x}$
0	(j
1	1
4	2
9	3
16	4

×	$y = -\sqrt{x}$
0	. 0
1	-1
4	-2
9	-3
16	- 4

 $(a) \sim$ 

Compare the transformed function to the first function,  $y = \sqrt{x}$ . Notice the similarities and differences of the coordinates of the points.

graph reflected around x-axis. 10,0) invariant point y-values are negated.



C) Reciprocal Function:  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ 

Complete the following tables of values and use them to graph and label each function.

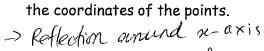
	×	$y = \frac{1}{x}$
	-4	-0.25
	-1	-1
	$-\frac{1}{4}$	-4
,	1 4	. 4
	1	1
	4	0.25

 es of values and use i		
×	$y = -\frac{1}{x}$	
-4	0.25	
-1	ý	
$-\frac{1}{4}$	4	
1/4	-4	
1	I	
4	-0.25	
	· 11	

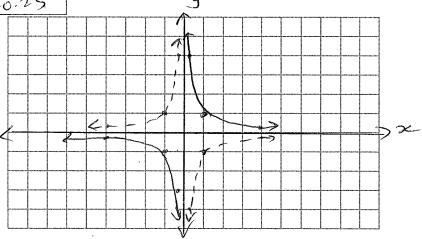
(a) ~

(b) --- 1

Compare the transformed function to the first function,  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ . Notice the similarities and differences of



- -> No continent point -> y-values are regard



## SUMMARY

If y = f(x) is transformed to y = af(x), describe the transformation:

- 1. If a = -1, then the graph will be reflected around x-axis
- 2. Any point (x, y) under this transformation becomes (  $\chi$  ,  $-\gamma$  ).

## Part 4: Exploring Reflections About the y-Axis: y = f(-x)

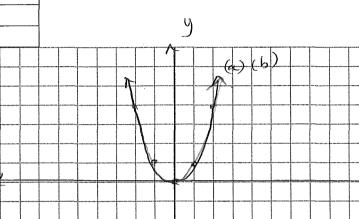
A) Quadratic Function:  $y = x^2$ 

Complete the following tables of values and use them to graph and label each function.

×	y = x <sup>2</sup>
-2	41
-1	1
0	O
1	ţ
2	4

×	$y = (-x)^2$
2	4
1	ja .
0	6
-1	1
-2	4
	(6)

(a)



Compare the transformed function to the first function,  $y = x^2$ . Notice the similarities and differences of the coordinates of the points.

Same parabola (Reflection in y-axis)

B) Square Root Function:  $y = \sqrt{x}$ 

Complete the following tables of values and use them to graph and label each function.

×	$y = \sqrt{x}$
0	0
1	١.
4	2
9	3
16	4
· · · · ·	(a)

×	$y = \sqrt{-x}$
0	0
-1	exame
-4	2
-9	3
-16	4

(6)

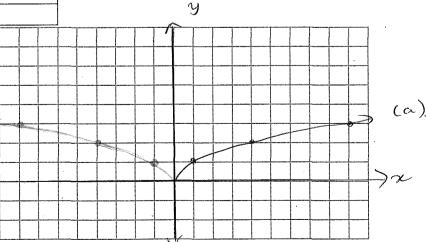
Compare the transformed function to the first function,  $y = \sqrt{x}$ . Notice the similarities and differences of the coordinates of the points.

> Reflection around

y-axis.

() (0,0) invariant

y x-values are regated.



C) Reciprocal Function:  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ 

Complete the following tables of values and use them to graph and label each function.

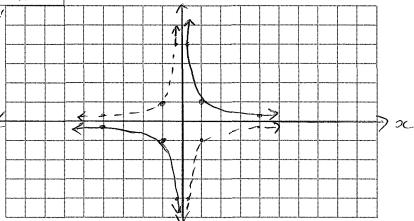
	•
×	$y = \frac{1}{x}$
-4	-0.25
-1	-1
$-\frac{1}{4}$	-4
1 4	4
1	į
4	0.25

×	$y = \frac{1}{(-x)}$
4	-0.25
1	pr.
1/4	- 4
$-\frac{1}{4}$	4
- 1	1
- 4	0.25

(a)~

the coordinates of the points.

Compare the transformed function to the first function,  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ . Notice the similarities and differences of  $\angle$ 



## SUMMARY

If y = f(x) is transformed to y = f(kx), describe the transformation:

1. If k = -1, then the graph will be reflected around y-axis

2. Any point (x, y) under this transformation becomes (-x, y).