Date: _

Here is a systematic way to produce a trigonometry proof:

- 1. Start with the more complicated looking side.
- 2. Substitute in the 8 previously proven trig. identities in order to manipulate the left side and/or right side to equal one another.
 - a. Convert csc, sec, cot, and tan to expressions involving only sin and cos. Remember, these can have exponents.
 - b. Make the Pythagorean identity one of your favourites. Always look for $\sin^2 x$ and $\cos^2 x$ to make it 1, and consider replacing occurrences of $\sin^2 x$ with 1 $\cos^2 x$ and occurrences of $\cos^2 x$ with 1 $\sin^2 x$.
 - c. Don't forget to use the other 2 Pythagorean identities (which can be found by dividing the original Pythagorean identity by $(1) \sin^2 x$ and $(2) \cos^2 x$.
 - d. Remember that the Pythagorean identities only work with squared exponents.
- 3. Use your algebra & fraction rules.
 - a. If possible, expand all the expressions in sight (distributive property/FOIL) and combine like terms simplify.
 - b. If possible, factor numerator and denominator and cancel common factors if any.
 - c. When adding fractions get a common denominator (when in doubt multiply the denominators to find the LCD).
 - d. When multiplying fractions cancel common factors from any numerator & any denominator.
 - e. When dividing fractions, cancel like denominators where possible. If not take the reciprocal of the second fraction and multiply.

Are You Having an 'IDENTITY' Crisis?

Ex1: Prove
$$\sin^2 q + \cos^4 q = \cos^2 q + \sin^4 q$$

Ex2: Prove
$$\frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} = \csc x - \cot x$$

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